Exemption for production of hank yarn

1073. SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some State Governments have asked for exemption from production of hank yarn obligation by the spinning mills, particularly co-operative spinning mills;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what action Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Such requests are received from time to time. Recently a request was received from the Government of Maharashtra for exemption of M/s. Malegaon Cooperative Spinning Mills from Hank Yarn Obligation.

(c) In order to meet the requirement of hank yarn of handloom sector and to ensure stability in its prices, it would not be possible to relax the stipulation laid down by the Government of India on the packing of hank yarn by spinning mills including cooperative spinning mills.

Banking the export of silk waste

1074. SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some State Governments have urged to immediately ban the export of 'Silk Waste' to save the spun silk and carpet industries in the country from ruin;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what action Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) to (c) A suggestion has been received from the Government of Karnataka in July 1994 that export of silk waste be banned to check the increase in its prices and to improve its availability in the local markets.

The Government has asked the Central Silk Board to identify the reasons for increase in the prices of silk waste and suggest measures to overcome the problem. In this context, the suggestion of the Government of Karnataka has also been taken note of.

Sale of land and buildings by NTC

1075. SHRI ISH DUTT YADAV: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Textiles Corporation Limited has sold its land and buildings recently in order to raise resources;

(b) if so, the details thereof; region-wise; and

(c) the broad details of the policy laid down by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Action against textile mills under Essential Commodities Act

1076. SHRI PASUMPON THA. KIRUTTINAN: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Ministry of Textiles has recently launched proceedings under Essential Commodities Act against the textile mills in Tamil Nadu, Kerala and Karnataka;

(b) if so, the names of the textile mills against whom proceedings were launched together with the details thereof;

(c) whether such proceedings were also launched against the textile mills in the other States; and

(d) if so, what are the details of such proceedings and what are the names of the textile mills?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) to (d) Textile Commissioner has launched proceedings against textile mills which contravene the provisions of Hank Yarn Packing Notification and Textile (Consumer Protection) Regulation issued under Textiles (Control) Order, 1986 (Revalidated under the Textile (Development and Regulation Order 1993) and also of the Notification issued under the Cotton Control Order 1986 (as amended). Statement indicating number of textile mills against whom proceedings were launched State-wise is attached.

Statement

A. *Statewise number of FIRs which have been filed for violating the provisions of Hank Yarn packing notification*

State	No. of FIR
1. Tamil Nadu	674
2. Kerala (April to December, 1993)	12
3. Karnataka	19
4. Madhya Pradesh	81
5. Andhra Pradesh	81
6. Pondicherry	10
7. Maharashtra	53
8. Ahmedabad	46
9. Uttar Pradesh	61
10. Punjab	5
11. Rajasthan	16
12. Haryana	14
13. Delhi	1
14. West Bengal	13
15. Orissa	6
16. Bihar	2
17. Assam	3

B. *Number of mills against whichFIRs have been filed for violating the provis of Textile (Consumer Protection) Regulation* 1988.

State	No. of Mill
1. Tamil Nadu	32
2. Kerala	1
3. Karnataka	NIL
4. Andhra Pradesh	14
5. Gujarat	108
6. Madhya Pradesh	24
7. Himachal Pradesh	1
8. Haryana	4
9. Jammu & Kashmir	1
10. Maharashtra	143
11. New Delhi	2
12. Orissa	3
13. Punjab	7
14. Rajasthan	12
15. Uttar Pradesh	7
16. West Bengal	23

C. *Number of mills against which FIRs have been filed for violating the provisions of notification issued under Cotton Control Order* 1986 *(amended).*

State	No. of Mills
1. Tamil Nadu	17
2. Kerala	NIL
3. Karnataka	NIL
4. Maharashtra	8
5. Andhra Pradesh	22
6. Gujarat	12
7. Uttar Pradesh	2
8. West Bengal	1

D. *Number of mills against which FIRs have been filed for not filing statutory returns*

State	No. of Mills
1. Tamil Nadu . . .	30
2. Kerala	NIL
3. Karnataka . . .	NIL
4. Gujarat	7

Closure of textile mills in Gujarat

1077. SHRIMATI ANANDIBEN JETHABHAI PATEL: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether a number of textile mills in Gujarat have been virtually closed down rendering thousands of workers jobless;

(b) if so, what is the total number of textile mills in that State, particularly in Ahmedabad that have been shutdown and what is the estimated number of workers rendered jobless;

(c) whether Gujarat Government have submitted schemes for revival of these mills by funding through National Renewal Fund (NRF); and

(d) if so, what are the details in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI G. VENKAT SWAMY): (a) and (b) As on 31.5.94, 37 Cotton/Man-made Fibre Textile Mills were reported to be closed in the State of Gujarat rendering 68165 workers jobless. The details are given below:

	Rest of Gujarat.	Ahmedabad	Total
Temporarily closed	6	10	16
Closed under official liquidation	4	17	21
	10	27	37

No mill is closed under I.D. Act.

(c) and (d) The Government of Gujarat has submitted the proposal in respect of 19 closed textile mills of Ahmedabad. The proposal envisages NRF assistance to the tune of Rs. 168.37 crores in the following manner:

	Rs./Crore
(i) Legal dues of retrenched workers	103.19
(ii) Fund for retraining and redeployment	5.71
(iii) Fund for Employment Generation Activities.	59.47

Labour cooperatives for take over of closed textile mills

1078. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
SHRIMATI MIRA DAS:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) the reasons for lack of enthusiasm being shown by trade unions and the department to form labour cooperatives for take-over of closed viable textile units;

(b) whether it is a fact that a section of trade unions and bureaucracy have developed vested interest in State and Private Sector textile units; and

(c) if so, whether it is also a fact that labour cooperatives do not get encouragement as a result thereof?